BED BUGS WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

IDENTIFYING BED BUGS

- Adult bed bugs are reddish brown in color and about the size of a pencil eraser.
- Young bed bugs are whitish in color and about the size of a pin head.
- Bed bugs are oval-shaped and do not have wings.
- Can be confused with other bugs, like booklice, baby cockroaches, and carpet beetles.

HEALTH EFFECTS

- Bed bugs are not known to transmit diseases, but allergens from bed bugs may be associated with asthma.
- Reactions to bites can include the development of welts, which can be accompanied by itching and inflammation.











WHERE TO FIND BED BUGS IN YOUR HOME

- Bed bugs are mostly found in and around the bed, couches and armchairs.
- They enter homes on used furniture, luggage, and clothing.
- Look for bed bug droppings (black, spot-like stains) around the seams of your mattress and box springs.
- Bed bugs prefer tight spaces such as cracks in furniture, bed frames, wallpaper, and baseboards.

TREATMENT OF BED BUGS

Hiring a Pest Control Company

- Due to the complex nature of bed bugs and their treatment, hiring a licensed professional is advisable.
- Verify that your pest control company is licensed with the Georgia Department of Agriculture's Structural Pest Control Section at agr.georgia.gov/structural.
- You will need to assist with preparation of your home and continued monitoring.

Pesticide Safety



- If you choose to apply a
 pesticide yourself, choose
 a product that is registered
 with the U.S. EPA for the
 treatment of bed bugs.
- Read and follow the label directions carefully.
- Bug bombs & foggers are hazardous if misapplied, and often not effective against bed bugs.



